



ALEXANDRIA, VA.  
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2.

**NARROW GAUGE RAILROAD.**—The Richmond State Journal says:—"Virginia, from the lay of her hills and mountain ranges and the course of her rivers, is especially interested in the question of narrow gauge railways, as feeders to the main trunk railroads of the State, and her interest in that direction will increase in a ratio quite as rapid as that which shall attend her population. We trust that the landholders of Virginia will ere long appreciate the importance of constructing lateral narrow gauge railways, such as the Farnville, Charlottesville and Stanardsville line already projected."

W. D. WALLACH, ESQ., died yesterday at his residence near Culpeper Court House, Va., in the 60th year of his age, after a long illness from throat disease. He was the founder of the Washington Star, and for twenty nine years was engaged in the duties of a journalist. He was well known in this community, where he had many relations and connections. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn their loss in his decease.

The falling off this year in the attendance upon the Virginia University, and the various colleges, including the Military Institute at Lexington, averages about twenty per cent. The following are the figures showing the attendance at each of the chief institutions of learning: University of Virginia, 357; Virginia Military Institute, 305; Washington and Lee University, including preparatory department, 271. We are sorry to see any falling off in the number of students at any of our colleges, academies and schools. It shows that our people are straitened in their means.

A dispatch from Charleston, West Virginia, 29th ult., says:—"The work of laying the rails on the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, between Huntington and this place, was commenced last night, and a special train will leave here at 12 o'clock to-day for Huntington direct. On Monday next two trains daily will run through, connecting at Huntington with the regular packets for Cincinnati. The rails are being laid rapidly above and here, and the road will be completed to the Falls of the Kanawha in thirty days."

The case of the State of Maryland vs. the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, involving the constitutionality of the payment to the State of one-fifth of the gross revenue from passengers on the Washington Branch, came before the Superior Court of Baltimore yesterday, and was sent on to the Court of Appeals, whose decision being then a final one it will be in the power of the defendants to obtain a writ of error from the Supreme Court, to which it will be taken by the Railroad Company.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says, it is probable, that so far from the President favoring "general amnesty," he may ask Congress to extend that feature of the Ku Klux act which provides for the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus in the South, beyond the end of the coming session, to which it is now limited. It is thus evidently intended to hold the martial law programme over the South beyond the presidential election.

In the Georgia Legislature some time ago, Mr. Bruton, a republican Senator, introduced a resolution looking to the payment of slave owners for emancipated slaves. The Legislature has passed, by an overwhelming democratic majority, a resolution defeating and condemning Mr. Bruton's measure. The resolution censures Mr. Bruton's resolution as tending to pervert the law.

A dispatch from Washington states the purpose of the U. S. Government in sending a fleet to Havana to be as yet only precautionary. The military volunteers are not to be permitted to act as they have done in the past, and in the event of such disgraceful occurrences as have recently taken place being repeated, the armed force of the U. S. will be employed.

The Northern canals have been closed for the season, which is fully a week earlier than usual. It is estimated that at least a half a million dollars worth of grain is ice-bound on them. This will mainly affect the shippers, who will have to wait until spring for money, except where advances have been obtained.

The meeting of Congress, at Washington, on Monday, causes no particular excitement this year. There is not even any extra interest attached to the promulgation of the President's Message. It seems to be understood that the Lobby is to make a most desperate effort for the "spoils," at the present session.

The monthly statement of the National debt for November shows a decrease of the debt for the month of \$3,462,080.18, and a decrease since March 1st of \$72,457,479. The entire decrease since the inauguration of President Grant is \$204,754,413. The whole debt is now reduced to \$2,248,251,567.

Among other measures which will be introduced at the coming session of Congress, Mr. Sumner has a bill to give equal rights, without distinction of color or race, to all persons, in theatres, hotels, public conveyances, institutions of learning authorized by law, churches, cemeteries, &c.

It is said that an effort is to be made in a Radical Senatorial caucus next week, to place Mr. Sumner at the head of the Foreign Relations Committee again, but it is likewise said that a majority of administration Senators will oppose the restoration. It will, however, be favored by a few of them.

Several persons have been frozen to death in Canada during the recent cold weather. The remarkable severity of the weather has elicited comment from all quarters. Especially in the far north the freezing temperature has been intensified by fierce winds.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune, says that Senator Carl Schurz will be made "chairman of the Joint Committee on Retrenchment," which is to be revived. Of course, it will be "revived"—to what end, we shall see hereafter.

The steady decline in the price of anthracite coal in New York, will, we hope, have a tendency towards making fuel cheaper this winter, to those who have not laid in their supplies, or, at least, to prevent any rise in prices.

A quantity of smuggled goods—silks, perfumes, &c., is said have been discovered under the charge "of the purser of the steamer Ville de Paris arrived at New York."

The physicians in the Northern cities are urgently recommending the people to be vaccinated—and not to trust to having been vaccinated years ago.

The Grand Duke Alexis continues to be feted in New York. He visited West Point yesterday, and was hospitably welcomed and entertained.

It will be proposed in Congress at the coming session to increase the number of enlisted sailors in the U. S. Navy.

#### NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the Times."

Thanksgiving Day in Salt Lake City was observed by everybody. Business was entirely suspended. Services were held in the different churches. In the afternoon a dinner party was given at the ladies of the Methodist church, while at night occurred the grandest ball ever witnessed in Utah, there being over one hundred couples present. Mormon and Gentile ladies, with superb toilettes, and public officers, were present. On the whole, it was the most remarkable event in the history of the Territory.

The financial settlement of the hundred millions of the U. S. five per cent loan, which was placed on the European market, was made at London yesterday. The bonds have advanced to 105 per cent, in gold.

Connolly in New York is still unable to find bail. Tweed's bonds-men are thinking of withdrawing from him, and the probabilities are that he will follow Connolly into prison. Mayor Hall has not yet been arrested.

James M. Leach, Congressman from the Fifth District of North Carolina, is charged on the affidavit of Alexander McHenry, with having belonged to the White Brotherhood or Ku Klux Klan.

The U. S. Hotel, at Newburg, N. Y., was partly destroyed by fire yesterday. The flames destroyed the stairways, and the guests were compelled to escape from the building by ladders.

There is a report in railroad circles here that a consolidation of the Missouri and Pacific Railroads will soon be made.

The Dogs of St. Bernard, says the Swiss Times, are becoming more and more a la mode. Everywhere there is a demand for them.

**SCENE IN A COURT ROOM.**—A singular scene transpired in the New York Surrogate's Court yesterday, in the hearing of the Belden will case. A brother of the deceased and father of the lady who offered the will in probate, appeared as a witness. His brother, he said, had left him none of his money owing to the undue influence of his niece, Mrs. Reichardt, the daughter of another witness. It seems that the witness had abandoned his children more than thirty years ago, and had seen neither of them since. At the conclusion of the proceedings, Mr. Belden was introduced to his daughter, Mrs. Dean, whom he had not seen for thirty-three years. The scene was an affecting one. Mrs. Dean, throwing aside her veil, kissed her father, who embraced her tenderly. Mr. Belden, at the time he separated from his family, was residing at Rising Sun, a little village about three miles from the city. He is now an aged, but still vigorous man, with hoary locks and flowing white beard, and resides in Reading. His other daughter, Mrs. Reichardt, who sustains the will, declined to be present. She had not seen her father since she was eight years of age. No cause is assigned for Belden's desertion of his family.

**WASHINGTON ITEMS.**—Yesterday morning two burglars entered the residence of Mrs. Duff, on the corner of Twelfth and L streets and at once found their way to the room of Mrs. D., who was asleep, and placed over her mouth a piece of porous plaster, which closed her mouth so as to prevent her giving an alarm. With two pieces of sash cords they then tied her hands. One of the burglars stood over her while the other proceeded to ransack the house, and opening a bureau drawer, took out about \$100 in gold, \$40 or \$50 in currency, a watch, a chain, and some other valuable jewelry, as also the silver plate and they then left the premises.

Yesterday Lander Smith and Clara Pantony were married at the jail by Rev. Mr. Earley. Smith was committed to jail by Justice Smith a little over a month ago on failing to give security to support the illegitimate child of Clara. In the Circuit Court yesterday, Jerry Robinson, an employee of the Patent Office, who drove the official carriage, recovered a verdict of \$150 for extra services in driving the carriage after office hours for the service of the commissioner and his family.

**MURDER.**—The Troy Times gives the following particulars of the murder at North Adams, Mass., on Sunday evening:—"The parties were a young couple, Daniel Gleason and wife, the former being twenty-one years of age and the latter only nineteen. It seems the husband was jealous of his wife, and that during the afternoon they had some words in reference to the attentions shown by a young man of the village to the wife. In the evening the object of Gleason's hatred put in an appearance at the house, and, stung to madness by his presence, the insane man seized a dirk knife and plunged it into the left breast of the woman. The blade doubtless reached the heart, for after a few gasps the unfortunate woman breathed her last, and the murder was consummated. Gleason was at once taken into custody, and now awaits an examination in the village lock-up. This morning he expressed great contrition for his act, and begged to see the body of his wife, which request will doubtless be granted."

**MOUNTAIN RAILWAYS.**—The decided success of the Rigi railway has stimulated other localities in Switzerland to secure like means of access to their more frequented mountain summits. Thus a charter has been obtained for a railway up to the summit of the famed Scheinige Platt, near Interlaken, and also up to the Faulhorn, the latter 8,260 feet high. It is evidently but a question of time as to when the steam horse, with its load of living freight, may be seen unconcernedly toiling up the summits of the Jungfrau, Monte Rosa, and Mount Blanc.

#### VIRGINIA NEWS.

Jake Dixon and Tom Blackwell, both colored, confined in the jail of Fairfax county, the former on a charge of horse stealing, and the latter grain stealing, made an attempt on Wednesday night last, to escape, but they were discovered before they effected their object.

At Liberty Bedford county, on the 30th ult., Alexander Preston, colored, was convicted of murder in the second degree and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary, for the killing of another man named "Ned" in a fracas some months ago.

The Halifax Record notes that the African Church there has actually expelled Daniel Leigh from membership for voting the Conservative ticket at the late election.

There are rumors of a duel between Cols. Todd and Harvie, of Amelia county, but we hope the difficulty between them will be amicably adjusted.

**AN RECENT CASE.**—A one-armed horseman recently travelling through Missouri stopped at a blacksmith's shop to have his horse shod. The smith noticed the empty sleeve, and asked him if he lost his arm in the war. He replied, with a sigh, that he did, and even more, going on to relate how he left home to enlist in the Southern army, and at the close of the war, in going back, he found that his wife, who thought him dead, had moved away, and he had since been unable to obtain a trace of her. "What is your name?" asked the blacksmith. When the answer was "J. M. Waldrup," he suddenly released the hoof over which he had been bending, and, without looking at the ex-soldier, bade him "Follow me into the house," and hurriedly led the way. Result, the discovery of Mrs. Waldrup, who had three new children by her side. She had supposed Waldrup dead, and had accordingly been married to the blacksmith. The two men wisely came to the conclusion to let the lady choose between them, and she elects in favor of Waldrup. Then she says she cannot do without the children, and the blacksmith says, after a most painful pause, "You shall take them, my dear." "When the steamboat St. Luke," says the Cincinnati Enquirer, in a most touching paragraph, "stopped at the landing some hours later, Waldrup went on board with his still weeping and thick-lipped wife, and the blacksmith followed with the children. The boat's bell rang for the starting, and the dread separation was at hand. The crew, the passengers, the captain—all who witnessed it—were affected to tears by the touching scene. With great drops rolling down his tawny cheeks, the soldier kissed the children one after another, and in a choking voice bade them an eternal good-bye. The two men gazed wistfully at each other's face, shook hands long and earnestly, and then the blacksmith, by a strong effort, turned away, and the soldier, with a strong effort, walked quietly to the shore. He never turned his face again toward the boat, which soon passed out of sight around a merciful bend in the river, but strode on, with head bowed down, to the home whither the voice of his wife and children should welcome him no more."

**HORSEWHIPPED BY CONTRACT.**—An exceedingly novel and amusing suit was tried in the Common Pleas Court, at Hamilton, last Monday. The plaintiff was John S. Robinson, and the defendant Daniel Sorman. It was a suit for damages in \$1,000, caused by the plaintiff being horse-whipped by defendant. This case was tried by a jury and decided on Monday. It appears that Robinson was inclined to drink, and he made a bargain with Sorman, for whom he worked, that he would not get drunk again. If he did, he would consent to take a whipping. It also appears that he got a suit of clothes from Sorman, obtained his horse and buggy, went off and got drunk and smashed up the buggy, the sides causing lasting injury to the horse. This so enraged Sorman that he used a horse-whip on Robinson pretty effectively, when the plaintiff started to run, and Sorman gave him some more of the same curative remedy. The testimony being all in, the court charged the jury that a contract whereby one man agreed to permit another one to whip him in any given condition was a contract contrary to law, and therefore, the parties being in pari delicto, the law will leave them as they are. But any man might abandon and avoid his contract, and the other party has no remedy but by suit for damages for breach of contract. Then if Robinson, by running from the blows of the whip, or by otherwise dissenting from the whipping, showed a purpose to rescind his contract, (of which purpose the jury would judge from the evidence), the party administering the whipping would have no right to proceed further by way of specific performance.

Further, it is charged that the expression "whipping" is a well known term and of well known meaning. A lawful whipping would not include blows on the head or face, but, as school boys well know, on other "parts" of the body.

The jury returned a verdict of \$75 damages for the plaintiff. *(Cincinnati Gazette.)*

**RAILROADS SIXTY YEARS AGO.**—The following letter, in reply to a suggestion concerning railroads, was written by Chancellor Livingston, who had been associated with his brother-in-law, Robert Fulton, in the application of steam to navigation:

ALBANY, N. Y., March 1, 1811.  
Dear Sir—I did not till yesterday receive yours of the 25th of February; where it lay buried on the road I am at a loss to say. I had before read of your very ingenious proposition as to the railway communications. I fear, however, that on mature reflection they will be liable to serious objections, and ultimately more expensive than a canal. They must be double so as to prevent the danger of two heavy loads meeting. The walls on which they are placed must be at least four feet below the surface and three feet above, must be clamped above with iron, and then would hardly sustain so heavy a weight as you propose moving at the rate of four miles an hour on wheels. As to wood, it could not last a week. They must be covered with iron, and that, too, very thick and strong. The means of stopping these heavy carriages without a great shock, and of preventing them running on each other—would be very difficult. In case of accidental stops, or necessary stops to take wood and water, etc., many accidents would happen. The carriage for condensing water would be very troublesome. Upon the whole I fear the expense would be much greater than that of canals, without being so convenient.

**A COW GETS DRUNK AND DIES.**—Last Saturday night at a grocery house on Cedar street a half barrel of spoiled brandy peaches was set out on the edge of the sidewalk, for the purpose of being removed. But before the corporation carts could do their office on that street, somebody's milk cow discovered the decaying fruits, and turning over the barrel, ate enough to produce intoxication and death. The cow remained about the scene of her debauch until Sunday morning, when, as observed by policemen and others, her condition was such as to excite the suspicion that she was very drunk. Her walk was crooked and irregular, and she did not seem to care much whether she went one way or the other. Finally, too much overcome by her potations to go any further, she acknowledged the error by prostrating herself in the mud. Policemen had the intoxicated cow placed on a drag, and removed to a more secluded place, where she died before the expiration of the day. This is the first instance of the kind on record. *(Nashville Union.)*

**CANDIDATES FOR OFFICE** are daily growing more and more numerous. The Richmond correspondent of the Petersburg Index, says:—"The candidates may be quoted quite active. They promise to make things quite lively here next week. For the Speakership the names of R. T. Daniel, of Richmond; Samuel Watts, of Portsmouth; Gen. James Walker, of Palaski; Major W. T. Sutherland, of Danville, and Marshall Hanger, of Augusta, are mentioned. As to Clerk of House of Delegates, there seems to be no opposition to Biggs, Col. W. D. Coleman and Mr. Shelton. C. Davis, seen to be running neck and neck for Clerk of Senate. For Sergeant at Arms of the House, Col. C. T. Crittenden of the old office, and Mr. Daniel E. Gardiner, of Henrico, and probably some other gentlemen whose names are unknown to me, are candidates. The like position in the Senate is most sought after: Major R. F. Walker and Captain Wirt Harrison, (present incumbent) of this city, Mr. Wm. Rock, of Alexandria, and Mr. Taylor, of Caroline, will contend for the honors of this place; Capt. Stevens, of this city, and Major A. M. Braxton, of Henrico, are out for the position of storekeeper to the Penitentiary. I hear of no opposition to Col. Strother for Superintendent of Penitentiary. There are many number of persons seeking places as door-keepers, pages, committee clerks, &c., and it is reasonable to suppose that for the aforementioned offices many new claimants will present themselves before the time of election. The basement officers in the Capitol, seem to be of the opinion that they will have the track all to themselves and so it does now appear; but no one can tell at this juncture what a day may bring forth. *(Rich. News.)*

**COAL AND IRON IN PENNSYLVANIA.**—The Reading, Pennsylvania, Times, of a recent date, announces that it has been definitely decided to build ten new iron furnaces on the banks of the Schuylkill, in that city, near the present works of the Messrs. Bushong. The latter firm take a deep interest in the enterprise, and make a large investment in it, though the work is to be done (the Times states) under auspices of the Southern Pennsylvania Iron and Railroad Company, aided by the Reading Railroad Company. The ore will be principally supplied from the immense deposits of the Southern Pennsylvania Iron and Railroad Company, which for quantity and quality, it is said, are unsurpassed by any deposit in the country. At Ironton, in the Lehigh iron region of Pennsylvania, are enormous beds of hematite ore, which are reached after stripping only about twenty-five feet of overlying soil. This ore is worth from \$3.50 to \$4.50 per ton, delivered at the furnace. A number of years ago a hard working miner, who had managed to save a little money, bargained for the purchase of several acres of this land, for which he was to pay \$250, but when he reported the transaction to his spouse, the prudent woman, who so loved him for his foolishness that to keep peace in the family he was obliged to throw up his bargain. The same man is now working in an ore bed for \$1.25 a day, and has assisted in taking out thousands and thousands of tons of ore from the very land that he might have had for \$250 if he had not been persuaded to beg off from his contract.

**SERVANTS IN FRANCE.**—The following from the New York World, Leone Leoni writes:—"I give the anecdote for what it is worth: I find it in a French newspaper. The adopted daughter of Mr. W. H. Seward visited Mme. Thiers. One of the first questions the latter asked was: 'What sort of servants have you in America?' Mrs. Seward was rather confounded; she did not know whether Mme. Thiers meant to inquire if the servants were Chinese, Japanese, Blacks, Irish, Scotch, natives, Germans, Senegals, Iroquois, Choctaws, Cherokees, or Sioux; and Miss Seward stood with gaping mouth as this modern procession passed through memory, she uncertain which head, which color, which race to serve up to Mme. Thiers. The latter at last asked: 'Are they rogues?' Mrs. Seward replied: 'Servants in America are like servants everywhere; some of them steal, others don't.' Mme. Thiers said: 'Here all of them are rogues. I am obliged myself to lock up everything after meals; if I did not, meat, liquors, dessert, everything, would disappear. At the Tuilleries it was found necessary to sew up the pockets of the servants to prevent their stealing. Had the pockets not been sewed up guests would have gotten nothing on ball night. Before this measure was adopted, champagne, pies, chickens, often pieces of plate disappeared in the pockets. The loss, however, did not fall on the civil list; all the services—even to the furnishing ice cream—of the emperor's household were farmed out at an agreed price per item.'

**ADVERTISING BANKRUPT SALES.**—The Clarke Courier says:—"We were called upon by an assignee in bankruptcy to print handbills for the sale of some personal property, when we asked the gentleman if he did not wish the advertisement published in our paper. He replied that the decree of Judge Rives' court was that it should appear in one paper, and that paper was named in the decree—a radical paper—and published at Lynchburg, upwards of one hundred and fifty miles from where the sale takes place."

This practice goes far to account for the extraordinary low prices at which lands are sacrificed under these United States court sales. In the lower counties good average farms with improvements have been knocked down for a dozen at from seventy five cents to three or four dollars per acre. And we have heard of similar sales, made in Alexandria of property in this quarter. It enables the hangers on of the court to grow 'prosperous of good property' by the frequent sale of their title.

Sometimes, the bankrupt, or a friend for him, buys it back at a low rate. This is of course a far better result than the other; but it does not greatly improve the fraudulent character of the transaction; the creditors being wronged in either case.

Thus administered, the federal bankruptcy law becomes a premium on dishonesty, and turns the United States courts into courts of injustice. *(Worcester News.)*

**BITTER.**—We noticed several weeks since, that a cow of Dr. English was giving pure butter from each milking. This we knew to be a fact, for we had the butter skimmed off the milk, and worked in the ordinary way, when it was just like other good fresh butter, without going through the process of churning.

A few days since, a cup of cream of the consistency of butter, was taken from a crock of milk, taken from a cow belonging to Maj. H. M. Bell. By handling it as butter is usually, after churning, this cream would have made excellent butter. These instances are rather remarkable, and were it not for our known infallibility in every statement we make, the skeptic might question the verity of these English and Maj. Bell, each has a cow that milks butter. *(Valley Virginian.)*

**MARRIES 30,000,000 FRANCES.**—[From the Courier des Etats Unis.]—Here is the latest marriage: A beautiful young woman sings in a manner to make the queen of the opera jealous; a young man hears her, and thinks that so much harmony can not come but from a beautiful soul. The young man has thirty millions; it is said: he is a banker, and amiable although a millionaire. The young woman is an American. She is famous in Paris for her goodness and her genius. She is the sister of the charming wife of the Marquis of Chasseloup-Laubat. Miss Alice Pillie. These millions do not lead their owner astray, like so many others.

**DEATH OF A NOTED CHARACTER.**—A very eccentric man died in a hotel in the St. Giles' quarter, in London, the other day. Some thirty years ago he was a chimney sweep, and became conspicuous for his persistency in invading the private apartments of the then recently Queen in Buckingham palace, by the way of the chimneys, and hiding away. He was known as the "boy Jones." On one occasion he ensconced himself under the sofa, upon which the Queen and Prince Albert were seated sometime, quite unconscious of the presence of their visitor. On his last visit to the palace he was taken as he was about to enter the Queen's apartments, and was confined in Tot Hill Fields. As soon as his time was up he again tried to see the Queen, and the police took the matter in hand. He was arrested; taken to Gravesend, embarked on board the Diamond, and sent to Australia. He lived for many years at Sydney, but was allowed to return to England about five years ago, always desperately enamored of the Queen. His remaining years were spent in miserable poverty. A fortnight since a rumor was started in London that Queen Victoria was dead. He heard it just as he was retiring to rest, uttered a groan and died instantly.

**A HERO.**—The Norwich Bulletin thus refers to the heroism of the first engineer of the steamer City of New London, on the occasion of the recent disaster:—

"Noble heroism than that of Matthias Baker, the first engineer, never blazoned the pages of fame. Standing at his post till driven from it by the flames, then coolly working to subdue the fire, and then to save the passengers when all hope was lost, he secured a life preserver and buckled it around him; with it his safety was certain; but on the forward deck he found a lady passenger without means of support. He tore off the preserver, forced it upon her, and then sprang into the river only to struggle unavailingly and needlessly. He was a young man, only thirty-two, but had seen considerable service, having been employed on the Stonington line, the Pacific mail steamers, and also in the United States service. He leaves an orphan child."

**ONTOLOGICAL LONGEVITY.**—The longevity of certain species of birds is remarkably illustrated by a catwren belonging to Capt. Haywood, of Chester, on the Richmond and Petersburg railroad. This beautiful bird was bought by Capt. Haywood's mother, in New Orleans, twenty-five years ago, when the Captain, who has past the meridian of life towards its decline, was a sprightly young man. It was then as well grown and as fully developed as it is now, could speak fluently, and has since maintained unimpaired its beauty, vigor and power of speech, giving indications of surviving this generation and probably the next.

Since writing the above we have been informed that Mr. J. C. Shedd had a party of another species, which is known to be more than a hundred years old. *(Petersburg Progress.)*

Ex-Gov. Bigler, of California, died in Sacramento on Thursday.

#### COMMERCIAL.

**ALEXANDRIA MARKET, Dec. 2.**—The market for Wheat is dull; offerings light, and many samples were withdrawn; offerings of 75 bushels white and 470 of red, with sales of the former at 150, 155 and 158 for good to prime, and of the latter at 157, 162, 165 and 168 for prime to choice. Corn is less active at a decline; offerings of 320 bushels yellow and 1150 of mixed, with sales of the former at 72 and of the latter at 65, 66, 67, 70, 72 and 75. Oats are unchanged; offerings of 250 bushels, with sales at 52 and 53.

**GEORGETOWN CATTLE MARKET.**—At 10 o'clock, on Friday, the cattle market was brisk. Four hundred and fifty head of beef, and 500 were sold to butchers, 100 to farmers, the prices ranging from 2.50 to \$5 per hundred gross. Four hundred sheep at 5 to \$7 per hundred weight gross. Milch Cows and Calves brought 20c to \$1.00, Veal Calves 6c to 8c per hundred gross. Dressed Hogs 50c to 60c per hundred.

#### PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, DEC. 2.

SUN RISE..... 7.40. MOON RISES..... 9.23.  
SUN SETS..... 4.38.

#### ARRIVED.

Steamer Utility, Allyn's Point, and schrs. J. W. Hine, Washington, and E. F. Childs, New York, to American Coal Co.

#### SAILED.

Steamer Express, Nickle, Baltimore, by Jos. Brothers & Co.  
Schr. Mattie E. Taber and J. W. Hine, New Haven, by American Coal Co.

#### MEMORANDA.

Schr. R. K. Vaughn, Risley, for Norwich, hence, at New London 25th ult.

#### MARRIED.

By Rev. J. A. Haynes, on the 28th ultimo, at the house of the bride's father, J. OS. NALLS, Esq., and Miss MELINDA EMMA HIBBS, both of Fairfax.

By the same, on the 20th ultimo, at the house of the bride's mother, CHARLES E. TAYLOR, Esq., and Miss ANNIE L. TILLET, both of Loudoun.

#### DIED.

On Friday, the 1st inst., of consumption, Mrs. HELEN ELLEN STRUTHER, in the forty-sixth year of her age. Her funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, Gibson street, between Water and Fairfax, tomorrow (Sunday) afternoon, at two o'clock, to which the friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited.

**FAIRFAX COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT.** November term, 1871. J. C. Ginnell's administratrix vs. Kirtz and others. In chancery. By consent of parties in this cause, it is ordered that this cause be referred to one of the Commissioners of this Court to inquire and report all questions which any party interested may offer bearing upon the questions arising under the petition of John Hall, filed at November term, 1870; and the said Commissioner, before proceeding to take said testimony, shall give notice of the time and place where he will take it, by publication once a week for four successive weeks in the Alexandria Gazette, which publication shall be equivalent to personal service. A copy, to be: F. D. RICHARDSON, CLK.

Parties interested in the above decree are hereby notified that I have fixed upon the 3d of January, 1872, at my office, at Fairfax Court House, as the time and place where I shall proceed to act as directed by said decree.

Given under my hand this 30th day of November, 1871. JAMES M. LOYD, Comm'r. in Chancery Circuit Court, Fairfax county, Dec 2-law4w.

#### FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES.

We have just received a large and select assortment of LITTON'S LOW'S and PIVERS' EXTRACTS, Toilet Sets, English and American Soaps, Hair Brushes, Combs, &c. Call and examine at COOK & CREIGHTON'S, 107 King street.

#### WASHINGTON & OHIO RAILROAD.

On and after December 9th, 1871, FREIGHT TRAINS will run over this road TWICE WEEKLY, viz: On Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, until further notice. R. H. FAYNER, General Freight Agent, not 2-31.

#### A. M. JANNEY'S CELEBRATED FAMILY AND EXTRA FLOUR.

for sale by JNO. J. JAMISON & CO., 36 South Union street, Dec 2-31.

#### HUBS, RIMS AND SPOKES—300 sets of

each in store for sale by JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS, 63 King street, nov 2.

#### SLEIGH BASKETS AND RUNNERS AT

JAMES F. CARLIN & SONS', 63 King street, Dec 2.

#### FURNISHING GOODS.

##### FALL OF 1871.

**GEORGE C. HENNING,**  
No. 410 Seventh street, Washington, D. C.,  
Clothier, Draper, Tailor,  
AND DEALER IN GENTLEMEN'S BE-LONGINGS.

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